

THE NORTHWEST MONTHLY

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VOL. III.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA DECEMBER, 1918

NO. 1.

MARTY STENSETH'S STORY

Lieutenant Martinus Stenseth figured in the cable news from France recently when the report was sent that he had downed two Hun planes in one day. The following very interesting letter was written to his sister October 6:

"This is Sunday but as usual a busy one, as have been all days the past week. We have been off the ground every morning at daylight—barely light enough to see to form our patrols, and this morning was no exception. During the past two days very few enemy aviators have been out on our sector. So many of them have been shot down the past week that I reckon they are a little shy.

The other evening a number of biplane two-seaters came over and consequently two were brought down. I had the good fortune to share in bringing one down. We attempted to force him down to a landing at one of our airdromes, but he persisted in trying to get back home so we forced him down about twelve miles inside our lines, in some woods. The machine caught fire and burned up, but both pilot and observer were only slightly injured. The pilot got his face burned a little and the observer was shot thru the leg. Both were taken prisoners, of course, as were the two in the second plane.

So now I have one E. A. to my credit and am waiting confirmation of three others, though they may be very difficult to get credit for as they were brought down quite a distance within German territory.

I have made on an average about four and a half hours daily over the lines the past week.

Yesterday we took a roll of newspapers and dropped them over the trenches and to groups of men to the rear of the trenches.

The artillery duel was tremendous again yesterday and the boys advanced again today. The Germans set fire to one of the villages this morning and quite a blaze resulted.

Villages all along the front are nothing but ruins and some places pretty well leveled—only stubby walls remaining. A wide stretch of country where the fighting has taken place is fully covered with shell holes and tree stumps. A most desolate stretch of land."

THE FALL TERM OPENS.

After having been postponed on account of the prevalence of influenza in this part of the state, the opening of school took place October 28 only to be closed again. Finally the re-opening

took place on November 29. In spite of all the discouragements that have come a goodly number of bright, enthusiastic and hopeful boys and girls have enrolled to take up the work of the fall term. The extension of the draft age shows a marked effect on the enrollment but this will soon be changed. A few of the juniors and seniors are back and others will come as soon as it is possible for them to leave home. The freshman class is large and there is a large proportion of girls which will materially enliven student activities. Indications are that there will be a good enrollment for the year as on every hand comes the information that the influenza epidemic is decreasing rapidly in this section of the state.

THE LATEST NEWS FROM OUR BOYS

Wagoner Carl Hjelle writes November 10 that he was then in training near Bordeaux, France. He was assigned as driver on a big tank. His health is good.

Anton Enge enlisted in the navy. He was at Puget Sound until about a month ago when he sailed on the U. S. S. Bellingham. At Santiago he was taken sick with mumps but is now out of quarantine.

Herbert Moseld is at the Great Lakes Station. He has just recovered from a serious attack of spinal meningitis.

Private Harry Hedin was stationed with the veterinary corps at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia. He writes that he expects to be home before Christmas.

Corporal Joseph Gamme wrote on November 10 that he expected to go into the trenches at any time. He is a member of the 55th Pioneer Infantry in France.

Private Carl E. Olson is in the 54th Pioneer Infantry, Company H, A. E. F. George A. Davis is in the chemical warfare service, 88th division, France. Thomas Davids is in the ordnance class Camp Dewey, Washington.

Alpha J. Valley is at Camp Forest, Georgia. It is expected that this camp will be demobilized very soon.

Corporal Arthur G. Kelsven is in the 11th regiment U. S. Marine corps. He enlisted in 1917 at Paris Island, South Carolina, where he was sent for training. He won a medal for sharpshooting, being one of six out of two hundred. He is a member of the famous 11th regiment, "the huskiest and the best of the marines." He has been in France during the past two years.

John Vog is at Fort Foster, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, but expects to spend Christmas at home.

Lorenz Oscar Houglum is with the 342d Infantry in France. He was a victim of the influenza but recovered.

Lieutenant Harold B. Schuck is at Call Field, Wichita Falls, Texas. His plans for the future are not determined.

Oscar A. Lundin is a member of base hospital No. 17 in France. He was at the front from September 26 to October 8 when he was wounded in his right ankle, a wound three inches long and one-half inch deep. As a result he was confined to the hospital.

Nels Hvidsten is a member of the 44th Oversea Casuals. He arrived safely in France but no letters have been received.

Ole Vigstol is a member of the 23d Infantry in France. His letter written October 16 stated that he was well.

Andrew Vigstol, Camp Cody New Mexico. He has suffered an attack of influenza and pneumonia. He expects to be discharged as soon as he has recovered sufficiently to go home.

Harold R. Tangjer, 45th Artillery Regiment in France. He arrived there before hostilities closed but did not have an opportunity of getting into action.

Clarence Cornelius enlisted in July and is somewhere in France.

Willard Grady left for France October 25. He arrived in England early in November. He is in the air squadron of the Expeditionary Forces. He writes that he is enjoying good health. He expects to be home for Christmas.

Conrad Clementson is a member of the 158th Ambulance Company in France. The last news from him was received a week before the armistice was signed. He was expecting to enter active service every day.

Christian Paulsen was a member of the student S. A. T. C. of the University of Minnesota.

Robert Everett Ball, United States ship "Mayhan," New York. This ship is one of the new destroyers. Everett spent a brief furlough at home in Crookston in November. He has had a wonderful experience traveling over the seas.

Private Leonard W. Lyons, 49th Infantry is in France. He has left the hospital and is back on duty again.

Edgar Olof Wold, 131st Ambulance Division, 33rd Division. His work consists in carrying sick and wounded back to hospitals. He was in the midst of the fight during the last few days before the armistice was signed.

Ray Stow writes that he is getting along as nicely as could be expected. He had a big surprise a few weeks ago. He was talking to some lads when a great big soldier came along. He thought he had seen him before so he asked him where he came from. He said California. He asked his name. "William Rud." "It was old Bill Rud

(Continued on Page two.)

THE Northwest Monthly

Issued Monthly by
THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA
NORTHWEST SCHOOL OF
AGRICULTURE

C. G. SELVIG, Superintendent

OFFICE

Northwest Experiment Station,
Crookston, Minnesota.

A monthly publication in the interest of
agricultural education and home training for
Northwestern Minnesota.

LIVE STOCK MEN APPROVE

The Northwest Monthly has been greatly interested in the live stock pavillon which is under consideration in the Red River Valley. It is a forward step. It looks to the future. We can see already dotting these fertile prairies, valuable live stock herds that will eventually bring us greater renown and more cash than wheat even in the palmiest years.

A winter stock show and sale appeals to the farmer. He and his wife want to go away for a few days anyway, and decide to go to the Farm Crops Show which must now add Live Stock Show to its title. He wants to buy a high class sire for his herd or flock. The desirable animals are there. He secures a reliable and competent judge to advise him candidly and honestly regarding the merits of the offerings. He buys. He sees an improvement in each generation of his stock.

Soon only purebred animals find favor and only the best of them. A little later the Red River Valley is the Mecca of the live stock man who wants quality stock.

Is this an idle dream? It is not. The farmers who are so enthusiastically supporting this Red River Valley live stock project are bringing it nearer realization than anyone thinks. The doors of the new live stock building will soon be open. A new epoch in our rapidly progressing development will be begun. Weeds which follow grain farming will have a hard time to live as Baa-Sheep will eat them and the little porker that will soon sell for fifty dollars gets his exercise in rooting them up. Sweet hay fields will grow thousands of tons of alfalfa and clover and substantial silos store silage. These are the signs of the future already realized in many communities.

Everything comes to him who waits may have been a practical motto in the Dark Ages when environment proved irresistibly powerful. Today we must get up and go after what we want. When all of us get up and go after the same thing at the same time, as we did in the war and in our war work, something happens at once. Now that the war is over it's live stock. The immediate objective is the live stock building.

Of course it can be done. We know that. All that is necessary is to translate thought into work, desires into action and the inanimate brick leaps into a living form, a building, beautiful and useful, the sign of approaching progress. The builder must be a poet, the poet a dreamer. When dreams come true, he is a practical man. This is the case in the present movement. We are all practical idealists who snatch the good from the future, plant it securely in the present, and leave

for the past memories of things achieved and projects won.

THE LATEST NEWS FROM OUR BOYS

(From Page two.)

whom I knew at the N. W. S. A. We had a "jabber fest." He used to play guard over me in basketball."

"All the A. E. F. feels glad over the way our folks have smashed the Hun's way of Fourth Liberty Loan. We know you are with us and soon we shall be able to come back and tell you all about it."

Albert C. Dahl, somewhere in France, writes that he is getting along nicely and hopes to tell us his experiences when he returns.

Edward Rud, 352nd Infantry is in France. He writes that he is very glad to get the Northwest Monthly. He saw Sergeant Fred Frederickson a few weeks ago, Fred being the only one he had seen over there. Edward was appointed company mechanic with a variety of duties from repairing rifles to putting up field ranges. He states that his officers are splendid men and that all are glad to be members of their organization. France is a beautiful country. It will be more so in normal times.

Clarence Lee. He is faring well. The weather has been wet but the soldiers are well taken care of. Writing in August he said that he heard a great deal of interesting news those days indicating that the big struggle might come to an end soon.

Thorval Tunheim writes from Headquarters Company, Indianapolis, Indiana, that the influenza made serious inroads there. He is on motor trucks, doing his best to teach students how to drive Class B government trucks. Thorval comments on the care used in keeping quarters clean. "Here we sweep two and three times a day and regard our bunks so reverently that we dare lie down on them no other time than at night. Incidentally I am becoming an expert when it comes to guiding a mop or broom along dusty and dirty floors." He says a good word for the Red River Valley live stock pavillon which he is sure all the Northwest boys are interested in.

Raymond Anderson. On October 8 when this letter was written he had been in France a considerable time. He also writes about how glad he is to receive the Northwest Monthly. He had an opportunity of seeing a great deal of the United States and England and had already done some travelling across country in France. "The railway cars are a whole lot different and almost everything else is a great deal different," he says. The country is beautiful. He appreciates the chance of going over and he knows he will never regret it. He was stationed near enough the front so he could hear the roar of the big guns and to see the flash at night. In the immediate future he expected to be a great deal nearer.

Fred Fredrickson is also in France, landing in England August 27 and sailing across the Channel next day. The censor deleted the sentence stating his whereabouts at the time his letter was written. He writes of the rations which consist of white bread, potatoes, beef, beans, rice, coffee and cocoa. On a hike they fell back on corn bread and corn beef.

He had been asked how he likes France. "There are many beautiful scenes in France but as far as progress is concerned we are at least one hundred years ahead. With the exception of electric lights I have not seen any of the modern conveniences in the villages and cities that we have here.

"It will be great to come back to the good old states after it is all over. The outlook is very promising."

Harold H. Grandy writes from Vancouver Barracks that he has been transferred to a truck squadron where he is still on special duty. He hopes that rumors that they would be sent on a long journey were true, as that would give an opportunity to play the real game which is every soldier's ambition.

Corporal Walter H. Sheridan, writing on October 12 states they embarked overseas September 7 and were fourteen days in crossing the pond.

"Believe me, after seeing just simply water for a solid two weeks land has charms. Now, I won't say I wasn't seasick. That you must grant, only I came through better than I expected. During the first few days at sea most of the men felt ill. Feeding the fishes was a highly popular sport."

"The first three days' journey took them into the heart of France where they were moved right up to the front line. They rode in side-door Pullmans placarded "10 cows—40 men." "Those twentieth century limited railways aren't built for speed either, traveling three or four hundred miles in ten days."

He finally arrived at a place which has been conspicuous in the fighting news of the past year.

"I hope the folks back home are not looking for peace unless it is a peace with victory. To make peace with the Hun in his present position would invite defeat. To those three thousand miles away it might look different but to be here is different. His atrocities are everywhere. Until the Junker gang is off the earth there can be no enduring peace. Let us carry on."

Roy A. Sundberg wrote in October, sending his picture. His company was still working in the woods. He had just had a seven day furlough when he had a chance to see part of France.

Ingvald Nyflot writes from Camp Johnson, Georgia, that he expects to be mustered out soon.

Leander Laliberte is in France where he has had a position as interpreter. He is called out to talk for his officer once or twice a day. He wrote that the Boches are on the run. This was in the Lille sector.

Herbert V. Anderson, 6th Regiment Marines. "Strange to say, when time for school to open came around I was longing to be back there as of old." A strange and happy incident took place at the front when he met Harold Borge, one of the Northwest boys on the battle field while under artillery and machine gunfire. "While we had been in the same unit for some time we had never met before. We were having a chat about old times when it was cut short. The Huns would not leave us alone longer than five minutes when they sent over shells which made us seek our hole."

"I have been very fortunate in getting out of all this fighting with only a few scratches."

AROUND THE CAMPUS

Faculty Row Visited

Several new faces may be seen in the faculty row this year. Mr. R. O. Westley and his worthy wife are in possession of the cottage vacated by the Kennard family. From it, Mr. Westley makes his daily journeys to his work.

The newest comers are Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Gousseff who occupy the cottage which was formerly the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dietrich and family. A hearty welcome is extended to our new friends and co-workers.

Mr. T. M. McCall prides himself on his fine Jersey cow. In these days of scarcity of butter fat she will be valuable indeed. In addition to being a horticulturist he has now turned his attention to stock also.

As usual Mr. Bengston's hearty "Good Morning" and merry laugh rings out and gives us all that delightful feeling of welcome. We are informed that the catastrophe which reduced his flock of Rhode Island Reds to a much smaller number a year ago, when he applied internally instead of externally a remedy for mite, did not occur this year.

Mr. Foker's ruddy face indicates perfect health and physical prowess. In blacksmithing, carpentry, and drawing he teaches us not to shoot but to pound and pound hard.

A finer brood of White Leghorns has never lived is the opinion of all who see the flock at the Northwest Experiment Station. When they hear the step and pleasant voice of Mr. Brown they immediately flock to meet him and greet him in chicken style.

Thanksgiving Dinner.

Superintendent and Mrs. Selvig entertained several members of the faculty and office force at a bounteous two o'clock dinner at their cozy home on Thanksgiving Day. Mr. Turkey who graced the heavily laden table was raised by an alumni member of our institution, and according to the universal opinion of the guests, Mr. Turkey was judged the best ever. Those present to enjoy the hospitality of our Superintendent and his family were: Misses Cora Paulsberg, Katherine Bedard, Hazel Rockwood, Mae Kimberly, Alice Glise, and Jeanette Qualee.

Gousseff At Grand Forks.

The annual meeting of the Northern Racking Company of Grand Forks was held early in November. Two hundred shareholders were present. W. V. Gousseff of the Animal Husbandry section, was the principal speaker and spoke on the Live stock situation in the Northwest.

TEST PLOTS OF HAY—1919—

Various grasses and mixtures of grasses have been grown at the Northwest Experiment Station in the past twenty-three seasons. In order to carry on this work and make the data already secured more valuable, it is planned to have a new series of tests. All of the common grasses and mixtures, as well as many other combinations, will be sown in plots of sufficient size to make accurate comparisons.

In this connection Mr. R. O. Westley, of the Agriculture department, is desirous of getting in touch with far-

NORTHWEST

EXPERIMENT STATION NOTES
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

A regular department of "The Northwest Monthly" devoted to farm problems, conducted by members of the staff.

STATION STAFF:

C. G. Selvig, Superintendent.
C. E. Brown, Poultry.
A. M. Foker, Farm Buildings, Drainage.
T. M. McCall, Horticulture, Potatoes, Root Crops.
H. S. Records, Home Projects, Pure Seed Distribution.
W. V. Gousseff, Live Stock.
R. O. Westley, Field Crops, Farm Management.

farmers who wish to learn the Station experience with respect to all crops. It is as important to know which crops will not do well here as it is to know those which are high producers. This is the prime purpose of the Experiment Station. In the forthcoming report which is soon to be published, comparisons and information regarding the chief crops are given. This data is taken in connection with personal observation on the farm, makes the body of agricultural knowledge that is necessary to attain success as a Northwestern Minnesota farmer.

WINTER RYE FOR NORTHERN MINNESOTA

Forty plots of winter rye were sown this fall at the Northwest Experiment Station. Not only are many varieties being tried out to determine which is best adapted to our climate, but also rate of seeding and date of seeding tests are being made. Previous experiments with rye have been conducted during the past few years but this year's seeding is more extensive than any of the previous ones.

Several plots of winter wheat were sown for comparison with the winter rye, but from earlier trials winter rye is a surer crop for this section of Minnesota. Last year all except two of the winter wheat plots were winter killed and only about 25 per cent of each of these survived, while all of the winter rye plots wintered very satisfactorily. Earlier results have shown that some method of winter protection is necessary for winter wheat in this section. Growing winter wheat in certain sections of northwestern Minnesota, where the soil is somewhat sandy and where some protection is offered, has met with fair success, but winter rye has repeatedly given excellent returns and is a hardier plant by nature.

With this extensive series of plots at this Station, farmers in this section of the state may gain considerable information next year by visiting the fields personally or by inquiry at threshing time.

KEEN DEMAND FOR GOOD BREEDING STOCK

That the farmers of the Red River Valley are appreciative of good stock and that they are desirous of entering the live stock business with a firm desire to make it pay, more than manifested itself at recent Valley live stock sales.

Mr. C. O. Carlson of Erskine realized an average a trifle over \$200.00 on the catalogued Shorthorns at his sale. Most of these were sold to neighbors.

The high average of the Grand Forks and Fargo Shorthorn sales also show evidence of the desire for good breeding stock.

The Holstein followers were not disappointed in the demand for their breed at the Thief River Falls consignment sale conducted by County Agent White, and the Enright and Bacon sale at Grand Forks.

This is not only true with cattle but with hogs as well. Mr. F. A. Green of Stephen held a very successful Duroc sale recently, and as in the case of the Shorthorns, the neighbors took the best ones offered. Mr. Green may take pleasure in the fact that the seed he is putting out cannot help but add more pork to the pork barrel.

CROOKSTON FARM SCHOOL ESTABLISHES BEEF SHORT HORN HERD

Realizing that the beef Shorthorn has a place in the Red River Valley, the Northwest School and station has recently established a foundation herd.

The feature of the whole idea is the fact that the school was able to purchase a top bunch in the Valley. Four heifers have been secured for this herd. One heifer, a very desirable foundation animal, was the highest selling Scotch topped heifer in the Carlson sale at Erskine recently. The other heifers were secured at the North Dakota Shorthorn Breeders sale and represent three of the feature animals of the sale. The animals were selected by C. G. Selvig, Superintendent, and W. V. Gousseff, head of the Animal Husbandry section.

W. E. Morris, District Farm Bureau Leader, who aided in the selection of the herd, made the statement that price considered, this was as good a foundation herd of beef Shorthorns as he has seen anywhere.

POULTRY AND EGGS AFTER THE WAR

The satisfaction of knowing that you did your best in the production of poultry and eggs during the war will be a great comfort to you when the boys come home. But even now our boys and Allies will need our best efforts for a long time to come. In this connection Mr. C. E. Brown of Crookston representing in this county the National Department of Agriculture and State Agricultural College in poultry work offers the following suggestions for the promotion of better and more poultry.

The great drawback for profitable poultry in very many cases is the lack of careful and timely consideration and not ignorance, as many suppose. Chicken pox, roup, lice, and many of the ailments that commonly infect and affect poultry are due in almost every case to the carelessness of the owner. The Government and State colleges have given deep thought and spent much money in trying to have more and better poultry produced, but their good work will avail very little if the farmers and poultry producers in general do not take more thought and care of their poultry. There is no greater point than sanitation. The house, shed or wherever poultry is kept should be clean and sanitary. The fowls should be free from lice. The water should be fresh and in clean vessels. Almost every known disease can be avoided if a little care is used. Do not overcrowd. Do not keep weaklings. Do not handle your poultry on any less degree of efficiency than you do your cattle, horses, hogs or sheep.

COUNTY AGENTS' CONFERENCE

In response to a call from W. E. Morris, district leader, the county agents of this district met at Crookston November 19 and 20. Great enthusiasm prevailed throughout the meetings and great benefit is sure to result from the exchange of ideas and inspiration gathered. A visitor at the meetings was impressed with the thoroughness of the organization of agricultural interests in the Red River Valley. It was most evident that a tremendous work has been done through the county farm bureaus during the short time that they have been organized, in promoting better agriculture.

A program had been arranged for the conference admirably planned to give an opportunity to review the past year's results, and drew upon this experience in working out plans for even bigger and better things during the coming year. The meetings were conducted as round table conferences and everyone entered freely into the discussions.

The Work of the Office.

C. C. Lake of Red Lake county introduced the subject of office records and reports. The amount of work that goes through a county agent's office was revelation to an outsider. A comparison of notes among the agents revealed many ingenious systems for systematizing office routine. The men were unanimous in favoring the continuation of detailed weekly reports.

W. V. Longley, Kittson county, introduced the subject of the farm bureau exchange lists. A very interesting discussion followed. The consensus of opinion was that it is a proper and excellent medium thru which pure seed and good live stock may be distributed.

Bigger and Better Bureaus.

P. E. Clement, assistant state leader, former county agent of Clay county, gave some valuable suggestions for the management of the coming annual farm bureau meetings. He emphasized the importance of the business part of the program and full reports work done during the past year. "One good speaker", he said, "is all you need for the rest of the program". Farm bureau work was discussed and plans of the organizations. It was urged that made for increasing the membership the organization which had done so much to help win the war must be extended to help in the great work of reconstruction and establishment of permanent peace after the war.

Plans For Next Year.

Oscar Olson of Roseau county gave an excellent talk on the next year's projects. He had made a most thorough analysis of the whole field of work of the farm bureau and presented a most interesting outline of major and minor projects to take care of the rural problems of this section of the state. The whole problem, he said,

FARM BUREAU NEWS

Northwestern Minnesota District

W. E. MORRIS, District Leader
University Farm, St. Paul

COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AGENTS

Becker	H. A. Nelson, Detroit
Clay	A. C. O'Banion, Moorhead
Clearwater	E. H. Martin, Bagley
Kittson	W. V. Longley, Hallock
Mahnomen	Victor Dryden, Mahnomen
Marshall	John Huseby, Warren
Norman	Henry P. Brandt, Ada
Ottertail	J. V. Bono, Fergus Falls
Pennington	Ross P. White, Thief River Falls
Polk	R. H. VanScoik, Crookston
Red Lake	C. C. Lake, Red Lake Falls
Roseau	Oscar M. Olson, Roseau
Wilkin	L. S. Stallings, Breckenridge

resolves itself into two main lines of work,—first, promotion of agricultural prosperity and second, civic improvement. In discussing the former he divided it into three main divisions, farm management, production, and marketing, including both buying and selling. The latter he divided along educational and social lines. He urged that the promotion of prosperity was the value of civic improvement and will readily make them if they have the means with which to do it.

Northwest School of Agriculture Represented

W. L. Cavert of the Extension Division gave a very clear demonstration of simple farm accounts especially adapted to meet the income tax requirement and urged that this line of work be included as a part of the farm bureau work for the coming year.

The station men of the Northwest School of Agriculture were in attendance throughout the sessions. J. P. Bengtson, the preceptor, spoke of the school and its service to this section of the state. He urged a campaign for better education, especially along vocational lines to meet the industrial conditions that will follow the war.

W. V. Gousseff, of the live stock department, urged the promotion of the live stock industry and offered the assistance of the school and station. H. S. Records spoke of the pure seed co-operators' work and enlarged plans for this year. Among the modifications in the plan for the coming year is a possibility for individual co-operators to have larger plots in order to make the operation more economical. R. O. Vestley spoke of the seed stocks of grain on hand for this work with assurance of its excellence in grade and purity. T. M. McCall, horticulturist, spoke of windbreaks and potato culture. He outlined plans through which the station offers its service in demonstration work along these lines. Plans were made to secure the next year's state potato growers convention for the Red River Valley.

W. E. Balmer, State leader, was present throughout the sessions and added much by direction and suggestion to the success of the conference.

267 PURE SEED PLOTS

From reports already received from the pure seed co-operators the indications point to a fairly satisfactory year's work during 1918. As the value of the general report on all of the work

will be greater thru the inclusion of all of the individual reports, it is urged that all of the pure seed co-operators send to the Northwest Station their experiences during 1918, whether satisfactory or otherwise. The information to be secured from the report blanks already sent out will be of interest to all when compiled.

It will be of interest to the Northwest Experiment Station to know if the seed you received was satisfactory and if it had a fair chance for comparison with other seed grains. The opinion of the co-operators will also be appreciated in regard to the ways in which this work can be made to serve you better another season, also as to the seeds you will require.

GRAINS, CORN, POTATOES AND GRASS SEEDS

Exhibits at the Farm Crops Show

Various committees are busy making arrangements to help make the next Farm Crops exhibition more successful than ever. The premium list with out the awards, is being sent out giving the classifications.

An added feature of the seed exhibit will be a special class, with ribbon awards only, to the individual showing the largest number of best quality exhibits listed in the premium list. It should be remembered, however, that each exhibitor can enter only one sample in each lot. A sweepstakes prize will be given for the best in the class. This will be a ribbon award.

In making up the premium list for the next seed exhibition a special class is being formed for the Northwest Experiment Station pure seed co-operators. This class includes one lot each for wheat, oats, barley, flax and potatoes. The premiums will be ribbon awards only and will be given for 1st, 2nd and 3rd exhibits in each lot. These exhibits may compete in the open classes also where substantial premiums are awarded.

The farm crops exhibit committee of the Farm Crops Show are R. O. Westley, H. S. Records, Albert Cairns, H. M. Femrite, T. M. McCall, R. H. VanScoik and N. A. Thorson. S. M. Sivertson of the executive committee is director in charge of this division.

COMING EVENTS

Northern Minnesota Development Association Meeting, Grand Rapids, January 15 and 16, 1919.

Minnesota Shorthorn Breeders' Association Annual Sale, South St. Paul, January 14 and 15, 1919.

Northwestern Minnesota Farmers' Week and Women's Meetings, Farm Crops Show, Live Stock Exhibit and Sale, and Northern Minnesota Poultry Exhibit, Crookston, February 10 to 14, 1919.